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Chapter 1 Overview

1.1 Product Introduction

The F Series Network Speed Dome is an integration of HD camera, PTZ motion control module, and video content analysis algorithms, ideal for remote monitoring.

The device has basic PTZ functions, such as presets, scans, and target tracking, and smart functions, such as Road Traffic, Face Capture and Smart Event.

The device is well suited for HD monitoring in various places, such as rivers, forests, roads, railways, airports, ports, oil fields, posts, squares, parks, scenic areas, streets, stations, stadiums, residential blocks, prisons, libraries, shopping malls, hotels, government buildings, museums, and banks.

1.2 Key Function

The key functions of the device are as follows. Actual functions may vary for different models.

Face Capture
The device captures human faces according to set pupil distance or capture threshold and uploads the pictures to the center.

Road Traffic
The device captures vehicles on road and upload related vehicle information, such as license plates.
License plate recognition of multiple countries and regions are supported.

Event
The device detects basic events and multiple smart events, such as line crossing detection, intrusion detection, region entrance detection, and region exiting detection.

PTZ
The device supports PTZ functions, such as presets, scans, patrol, smart tracking and power-off memory.

1.3 System Requirement

Your computer should meet the requirements for proper visiting and operating the product.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Recommended Specifications</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Operating System</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microsoft Windows XP/ Windows 7/ Windows 8/ Windows 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Recommended Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Specification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mac OS</td>
<td>10.13 or later</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CPU</td>
<td>Intel® Pentium® IV 3.0 GHz or higher</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RAM</td>
<td>1 G or higher</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display</td>
<td>1024 × 768 resolution or higher</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Web Browser</td>
<td>Internet Explorer 8.0 to 11.0, Apple Safari 12 and above version, Mozilla Firefox 52 and above version, Google Chrome 57 and above version.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chapter 2 Device Activation and Accessing

To protect the security and privacy of the user account and data, you should set a login password to activate the device when accessing the device via network.

Note

Refer to the user manual of the software client for the detailed information about the client software activation.

2.1 Activate Device

The device needs to be activated by setting a strong password before use. This part introduces activation using different client tools.

2.1.1 Activate Device via Web Browser

Use web browser to activate the device. For the device with the DHCP enabled by default, use SADP software or PC client to activate the device.

Before You Start

Make sure your device and your PC connect to the same LAN.

Steps

1. Change the IP address of your PC to the same subnet as the device.
   The default IP address of the device is 192.168.1.64.
2. Open a web browser and input the default IP address.
3. Create and confirm the admin password.

Caution

STRONG PASSWORD RECOMMENDED-We highly recommend you create a strong password of your own choosing (using a minimum of 8 characters, including upper case letters, lower case letters, numbers, and special characters) in order to increase the security of your product. And we recommend you reset your password regularly, especially in the high security system, resetting the password monthly or weekly can better protect your product.

4. Click OK to complete activation and enter Live View page.
5. Modify IP address of the camera.
   1) Enter IP address modification page. Configuration → Network → TCP/IP
   2) Change IP address.
   3) Save the settings.
2.1.2 Activate via SADP

SADP is a tool to detect, activate and modify the IP address of the device over the LAN.

Before You Start

- Get the SADP software from the supplied disk or the official website http://www.hikvision.com/, and install the SADP according to the prompts.
- The device and the PC that runs the SADP tool should belong to the same subnet.

The following steps show how to activate one device and modify its IP address. For batch activation and IP address modification, refer to User Manual of SADP for details.

Steps

1. Run the SADP software and search the online devices.
2. Find and select your device in online device list.
3. Input new password (admin password) and confirm the password.

Caution

STRONG PASSWORD RECOMMENDED-We highly recommend you create a strong password of your own choosing (using a minimum of 8 characters, including upper case letters, lower case letters, numbers, and special characters) in order to increase the security of your product. And we recommend you reset your password regularly, especially in the high security system, resetting the password monthly or weekly can better protect your product.

4. Click Activate to start activation.

Status of the device becomes Active after successful activation.

5. Modify IP address of the device.
   1) Select the device.
   2) Change the device IP address to the same subnet as your computer by either modifying the IP address manually or checking Enable DHCP.
   3) Input the admin password and click Modify to activate your IP address modification.
2.2 Access Device via Web Browser

Before You Start
Check the system requirement to confirm that the operating computer and web browser meets the requirements. See System Requirement.

Steps
1. Open the web browser.
2. Input IP address of the device to enter the login interface.
3. Input user name and password.

Note
Illegal login lock is activated by default. If admin user performs seven failed password attempts (five attempts for user/operator), the IP address is blocked for 30 minutes. If illegal login lock is not needed, go to Configuration → System → Security → Security Service to turn it off.

4. Click Login.
5. Download and install appropriate plug-in for your web browser.
   For IE based web browser, webcomponents and TM are optional. For non-IE based web browser, webcomponents, TM, VLC and MJEPG are optional.

2.2.1 Plug-in Installation

Certain operation systems and web browser may restrict the display and operation of the device function. You should install plug-in or complete certain settings to ensure normal display and operation. For detailed restricted function, refer to the actual device.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Operating System</th>
<th>Web Browser</th>
<th>Operation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Windows</td>
<td>Internet Explorer 8 to 11</td>
<td>Follow pop-up prompts to complete plug-in installation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Windows 7 and above version</td>
<td>Google Chrome 57+ Mozilla Firefox 52+</td>
<td>Click <a href="#">Download Plug-in</a> to download and install plug-in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mac OS</td>
<td>Google Chrome 57+ Mozilla Firefox 52+ Mac Safari 12+</td>
<td>Plug-in installation is not required. Go to Configuration → Network → Advanced Settings → Network Service to enable WebSocket or Websockets for normal view. Display and operation of certain functions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating System</td>
<td>Web Browser</td>
<td>Operation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>are restricted. For example, Playback and Picture are not available. For detailed restricted function, refer to the actual device.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note**
The device only supports Windows and Mac OS system and do not support Linux system.

### 2.2.2 Admin Password Recovery

If you forget the admin password, you can reset the password by clicking **Forget Password** on the login page after completing the account security settings.

You can reset the password by setting the security question or email.

**Note**
When you need to reset the password, make sure that the device and the PC are on the same network segment.

#### Security Question

You can set the account security during the activation. Or you can go to **Configuration → System → User Management**, click **Account Security Settings**, select the security question and input your answer.

You can click **Forget Password** and answer the security question to reset the admin password when access the device via browser.

#### Email

You can set the account security during the activation. Or you can go to **Configuration → System → User Management**, click **Account Security Settings**, input your email address to receive the verification code during the recovering operation process.

### 2.2.3 Illegal Login Lock

It helps to improve the security when accessing the device via Internet.

Go to **Configuration → System → Security → Security Service**, and enable **Enable Illegal Login Lock**.

With the function enabled, the device is locked if the admin user inputs the wrong password for 7 times continuously when login, and other users inputs the wrong password for 5 times continuously when login.
Chapter 3 Face Capture

Face capture function detects and captures faces in surveillance scenes. When the grading of the detected face exceeds an algorithm-defined value, the PTZ camera channel captures the face and triggers linkage actions. Set up rule and parameters before using the function.

Note
- For certain device models, you need to select Face Capture on VCA Resource page first.
- This function is only supported by certain device models.

3.1 Set Auto Face Capture Rule

After set the face capture rules and algorithm parameters, the device captures faces and trigger linkage actions automatically.

Steps
1. Go to Configuration → Face Capture → Rule .
2. Check Enable.
3. Select a configuration mode.
   - Normal: One detection scene is allowed to set. The device captures face in the scene in set arming schedule. See Normal Mode Settings for details.
   - Expert: The device can patrol among the detection scenes and capture face images. Detection scenes and patrol schedule should be set in advance. See Expert Mode Settings for details.
4. Click Save.

What to do next
Go to Picture to search and view the captured pictures.
Go to Smart Display to see currently captured face pictures.

3.1.1 Normal Mode Settings

Steps
1. Optional: Click Lock to lock PTZ control to prevent the interruption from other PTZ related action during configuration.
   - Normally, the PTZ control is automatically locked when you enter the configuration interface. You can manually resume the lock when the countdown is over.
2. Use PTZ control panel or click 🔍 to locate a scene with a face.
3. Click ⬌ , and draw a detection area on live image.
4. Input **Mounting Height** of the device.
5. Input the min. pupil distance in the text field, or click □ draw min. pupil distance.

**Min. Pupil Distance**

The min. pupil distance refers to the minimum area between two pupils, and it is basic for the device to recognize a face.

6. Click **Save**.
7. Set arming schedule. See *Set Arming Schedule*.
8. Set linkage method. See *Linkage Method Settings*.

### 3.1.2 Expert Mode Settings

**Steps**

1. **Optional:** Click **Lock** to lock PTZ control to prevent the interruption from other PTZ related action during configuration.

   Normally, the PTZ control is automatically locked when you enter the configuration interface. You can manually resume the lock when the countdown is over.

2. Set detection scenes and detection areas.
   1) Select a detection scene.
   2) Adjust the live image to a desired scene. You can use PTZ control buttons or click □ to locate a scene with a face.
   3) Click ○, and draw a detection area on live image.
   4) Click **Save**.
   5) Repeat above steps to set other detection scenes and areas.

3. Input **Mounting Height** of the device.
4. Input the min. pupil distance in the text field, or click □ draw min. pupil distance.

**Min. Pupil Distance**

The min. pupil distance refers to the minimum area between two pupils, and it is basic for the device to recognize a face.

5. Set patrol schedule.
   1) Click **Patrol Schedule**.
   2) Draw time bars as desired.
   3) Click a time bar and click **Configuration**.
   4) Edit patrol path and input dwell time for each detection scene.

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>![add]</td>
<td>Add a detection scene to the patrol path.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>![up-down]</td>
<td>Adjust the order of the scenes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>![delete]</td>
<td>Delete the detection scene.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6. Set linkage method. See *Linkage Method Settings*.
7. Click **Save**.
3.2 Operate Manual Face Capture

Capture the target face manually in live view image.

Steps
1. Click Live View.
2. Click to start manual face capture.
3. Draw a frame to select the target face in live view image.
   The captured picture can be uploaded to the center.
4. Click the icon again to stop manual face capture.

3.3 Overlay and Capture

Choose to configure capture parameters and the information you want to display on stream and picture.

Display on Stream
   Display smart information on stream, including the target and rules information.

Display on Picture
   Overlay the alarm picture with target information.

Target Picture Settings
   You can set the face picture type by selecting Custom, Head Shot, Half-Body Shot, or Full-Body Shot. If you select Custom, you can define detailed picture width and height of a picture freely.
   If the captured pictures should have the same picture height, check Fixed Value and input desired picture height.

Background Picture Settings
   Comparing to target picture, background picture is the scene image offers extra environmental information. You can set the background picture quality and resolution. If the background image need to be uploaded to surveillance center, check Background Upload.

Camera Information
   Enter Device No. and Camera Info in order to manage the monitoring device.

Text Overlay
   You can check desired items and adjust their order to display on captured pictures by clicking .

3.4 Face Capture Algorithm Parameters

It is used to set and optimize the parameters of the algorithm library for face capture.

Face Capture Version
Detection Parameters

Generation Speed
The speed to identify a target can be set by adjusting the slider, ranging from 1 to 5. The higher the value is, the faster the target will be recognized. The default value is recommended.

Sensitivity
The sensitivity to identify a target can be set by adjusting the slider, ranging from 1 to 5. The higher the value is, the easier a face will be detected, and the higher possibility of misinformation would be. The default value of 3 is recommended.

Capture Parameters

Upload Feature
Feature stands for the feature information the algorithm can tell from face pictures. For example, gender, facial expression, wearing glasses or not, etc. Check the function to upload the information.

Best Shot
The device captures the target picture with the highest score after setting the parameters.

Capture Times
It refers to the capture times a face will be captured during its stay in the detection area.

Capture Threshold
It refers for the quality of face to trigger capture and alarm. Higher value means better quality should be met to trigger capture and alarm.

Quick Shot
The device captures the target picture once the score of the captured face exceeds the Quick Shot Threshold during the Max. Capture Interval. Otherwise, the device selects and uploads the picture with the highest score during the Max. Capture Interval.

Quick Shot Threshold
It refers to the quality of face to trigger quick shot.

Max. Capture Interval
It describes the max. time occupation for one quick shot.

Capture Times
It refers to the capture times a face will be captured during its stay in the configured area.

Unlimited
The device keeps capturing the target face, which exceeds the **Quick Shot Threshold** during the **Max. Capture Interval**.

**Limited**
The device captures the target face according to the set times.

**Face Exposure**
Enable the function, and the device automatically adjusts exposure level when human faces appear in the scene.

**Reference Brightness**
It refers to the reference brightness of a face in the face exposure mode. If a face in the actual scene is brighter than the set reference brightness, the device lower the exposure level. If a face in the actual scene is darker than the set reference, the device increases the exposure level.

**Minimum Duration**
The extra time the device keeps the face exposure level after the face disappears in the scene.

**Face Filtering**

**Face Filtering Time**
It means the time interval between the camera detecting a face and taking a capture action. If the detected face stays in the scene for less than the set filtering time, capture will not be triggered. For example, if the face filtering time is set as 5 seconds, the camera will capture the detected face when the face keeps staying in the scene for 5 seconds.

**Restore Default**
Click **Restore** to restore all the settings in advanced configuration to the factory default.
Chapter 4 Road Traffic

The device captures the passing vehicles and uploads the vehicle information together with the captured picture.

**Note**
- For certain device models, you need to select Road Traffic on VCA Resource page first.
- This function is only supported by certain device models.

4.1 Set Vehicle Detection Rule

In Vehicle Detection, the device detects and capture the passed vehicles and the license plates. The vehicle color, type and other information can be recognized automatically.

**Steps**
1. Go to Configuration → Road Traffic → Detection Configuration.
2. Select Vehicle Detection, and enable the function.
3. Click Area Settings to set the detection rule.
4. Select a detection scene from the drop-down list and change the Scene Name as required.
   The device supports multiple detection scenes with independent detection parameters.
5. Draw lane area in the scene.
   1) Click Lock to avoid accidental PTZ changing during configuration.
   2) Adjust the pan, tilt, and zoom position to obtain the target scene.
   3) Select the Total Number of the Lanes according to the actual lane number you want to monitor in your scene.
      Yellow lane lines, a blue detection line and a red frame are displayed on live image.
   4) Adjust the zoom ratio of the device so that the size of the vehicle in the image is close to that of the red frame. The position of red frame is adjustable.
   5) Click and drag the lane lines or the endpoints to set the positions according to the actual lane lines on the road.
   6) Optional: Click and drag the blue detection line to adjust the position. The vehicle detection triggers when target vehicles hit the line.
   7) Set the vehicle moving direction for every lane in the scene.
   8) Click Save.
6. Optional: Repeat to set other detection scenes if needed.
7. Select the Country/Region.
8. Click Save to finish area settings.
9. Set the arming schedule of vehicle detection.
   1) Click Arming Schedule, and check Enable.
   2) Select a detection scene and draw the time bar in the time table. Different scenes are marked with different colors on schedule.
3) **Optional:** Move the mouse to the end of each day, a copy icon pops up, and you can click to copy the current settings to other days.

4) Click **Save** after finishing schedule settings.

10. Set linkage method. See *Linkage Method Settings*.

### 4.2 Picture Settings

Captured vehicle pictures are uploaded. Picture size, quality and overlay information are configurable.

Go to **Configuration → Road Traffic → Picture** to start.

**Picture Quality Vs Picture Size**

Both **Picture Quality** and **Picture Size** influence the size and quality of pictures for uploading. They cannot be set at the same time.

**Picture Quality**

The quality of the uploaded picture is accordance with the set value. To keep the quality, the size of the pictures may vary according to the image complexity. Higher value means clearer image.

**Picture Size**

The size of the uploaded picture is accordance with the set value. To keep the size, picture with more complex contents might be less satisfactory in quality than that with simpler contents.

**Overlay**

With **Overlay** enabled, every uploaded picture has an additional part to display the overlaid information.

**Font Color**

The font color of overlaid texts.

**Background**

The background color for the overlaid texts.

**Text Overlay**

Check the desired item to display on the picture. Display sequence is adjustable.

---

**Note**

- Vehicle Color, Brand, and Type are not supported in this firmware version.
- Device No., Camera No., and Camera info. are set on **Configuration → Road Traffic → Camera**.
4.3 Display Road Information

Display a road sign with configurable texts to indicate the location on live image.

**Steps**

1. Go to **Configuration → Image → Road Information**.
2. Check **Display Road Information** to enable the function.
3. Select a intersection number and adjust the scene to the desired intersection by controlling PTZ.
4. Check and input desired information in the test fields.
5. Click **Save**.
6. **Optional**: Repeat to set other intersections. Up to 4 intersections are supported.

**Result**

When the device turns to the saved intersection, the road sign displays on the live image.
Chapter 5 PTZ

PTZ is an abbreviation for pan, tilt, and zoom. It means the movement options of the camera.

5.1 PTZ Control

In live view interface, you can use the PTZ control buttons to control the device panning, tilting, and zooming.

PTZ Control Panel

Click and hold the directional button to pan/tilt the device.

Note
- You can set Keyboard Control Speed in Configuration → PTZ → Basic Settings. The speed of pan/tilt movement in live view is based on this speed level.
- You can set Max. Tilt-angle in Configuration → PTZ → Basic Settings to limit tilt movement range.

Click the button, then the device keeps panning.

Note
You can set Auto Scan Speed in Configuration → PTZ → Basic Settings. The higher the value you set, the faster the device pans.

Drag the slider to adjust the speed of pan/tilt movement.

Note
You can set Manual Control Speed in Configuration → PTZ → Basic Settings.

Compatible

The control speed is same as Keyboard Control Speed.

Pedestrian

Choose Pedestrian when you monitor the pedestrians.
### Non-motor Vehicle

Choose **Non-motor Vehicle** when you monitor the non-motor vehicles.

### Motor Vehicle

Choose **Motor Vehicle** when you monitor the motor vehicles.

### Auto

You are recommended to set it as **Auto** when the application scene of the speed dome is complicated.

To avoid blurred image resulted from fast zoom, you can check **Enable Proportional Pan** in **Configuration → PTZ → Basic Settings**. If you enable this function, the pan/tilt speed change according to the amount of zoom. When there is a large amount of zoom, the pan/tilt speed will be slower for keeping the image from moving too fast on the live view image.

### Zoom in/out

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Button</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>🔍</td>
<td>Click the button, and the lens zooms in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🔍</td>
<td>Click the button, and the lens zooms out.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note**
- You can set **Zooming Speed** in **Configuration → PTZ → Basic Settings**. The higher the value is, the faster the zooming speed is.
- You can set **Zoom Limit** in **Configuration → Image → Display Settings → Other** to limit the maximum value of the total zoom (digital zoom and optical zoom).

### Focus

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Button</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>🔍</td>
<td>Click the button, then the lens focuses near and the object nearby gets clear.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🔍</td>
<td>Click the button, then the lens focuses far and the object far away gets clear.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Iris

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Button</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>🔍</td>
<td>When the image is too dark, click the button to enlarge the iris.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🔍</td>
<td>When the image is too bright, click the button to stop down the iris.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5.2 Set Preset

A preset is a predefined image position. For the defined preset, you can call the preset No. to view the position.

Steps
1. Click to show the setting panel, and click .
2. Use the PTZ control buttons to move the lens to the desired position.
3. Select a preset number from the preset list, and click to finish the setting.

Note
Some presets are predefined with special command. You can only call them but not configure them.

4. Repeat the steps above to set multiple presets.

   Click the button to call the preset.
   Click the button to delete the preset.

Note
You can delete all presets in Configuration → PTZ → Clear Config. Click Clear All Presets, and click Save.

What to do next
Go to Configuration → PTZ → Basic Settings to set preset freezing and preset speed. After enabling preset freezing, the live image switches directly from one preset to another, without showing the areas between these two scenes. It also guarantees the masked area will not be seen when the device is moving.

5.2.1 Special Presets

You can call the following presets with special demands to enable corresponding functions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Preset No.</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Preset No.</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>Auto flip</td>
<td>92</td>
<td>Set manual limits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>Back to origin</td>
<td>93</td>
<td>Save manual limits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>Call patrol 1</td>
<td>94</td>
<td>Remote reboot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>Call patrol 2</td>
<td>95</td>
<td>Call OSD menu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>Call patrol 3</td>
<td>96</td>
<td>Stop a scan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td>Call patrol 4</td>
<td>97</td>
<td>Start random scan</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5.3 Set Patrol Scan

Patrol scan is a function to automatically move among multiple presets.

Before You Start
Make sure that you have defined more than one presets. See Set Preset for detailed configuration.

Steps
1. Click 🖼 to show the setting panel, and click 🎨 to enter patrol setting interface.
2. Select a patrol number from the list and click 🎨.
3. Click 👍 to add presets.

   Preset
   Select predefined preset.

   Speed
   Set the speed of moving from one preset to another.

   Time
   It is the duration staying on one patrol point.

   🗑️ Delete the presets in patrol.
   💼 Adjust the preset order.

Note
A patrol can be configured with 32 presets at most, and 2 presets at least.

4. Click OK to finish a patrol setting.
5. Repeat the steps above to configure multiple patrols.
6. Operate patrols.

   ⬤ Call the patrol.
5.3.1 Set One-Touch Patrol

The device automatically adds presets to one patrol path and starts patrol scan.

Steps
1. Set two or more presets among preset No.1 to preset No.32. For setting presets, refer to Set Preset.
   The device will automatically add presets to patrol path No.8.
2. Choose one of the following methods to enable the function.
   - Click.
   - Call patrol path No.8.
   - Select and call preset No.45.

5.4 Set Pattern Scan

The device can move as the recorded pattern.

Steps
1. Click to show the PTZ control panel, and click.
2. Select one pattern scan path that needs to be set.
3. Click to start recording pattern scan.
4. Click PTZ control buttons as demands.

Note
Recording stops when the space for pattern scan is 0%.

5. Click to complete one pattern scan path settings.
6. Click to call pattern scan.
   - Stop pattern scan.
   - Reset pattern scan path.
   - Delete the selected pattern scan.
5.5 Set Limit

The device can only move within the limited range.

Steps
1. Go to Configuration → PTZ → Limit.
2. Select Limit Type.
   - Manual Stops
     - It refers to the movement range limit when you control the device manually.
   - Scan Stops
     - It refers to the movement range limit when the device scans automatically.
3. Click Set and set limits according to the prompt on the live image.
4. Optional: Click Clear to clear the limit settings of the selected mode.
5. Click Save.
6. Check Enable Limit.

Note
If you need to cancel all the set patrol paths, go to Configuration → PTZ → Clear Config, select Clear All PTZ Limited, and click Save.

Result
The device can only move within the set region after saving the settings.

5.6 Set Initial Position

Initial position refers to the relative initial position of the device azimuth. You can set the initial position if you need to select one point in the scene as the base point.

Steps
1. Go to Configuration → PTZ → Initial Position.
2. Move the device to the needed position by manually controlling the PTZ control buttons.
3. Click Set to save the information of initial position.
Call The device moves to the set initial position.
Clear Clear the set initial position.

5.7 Set Scheduled Tasks

You can set the device to perform a certain task during a certain period.

Steps
1. Go to Configuration → PTZ → Scheduled Tasks .
2. Check Enable Scheduled Task.
3. Select the task type and set the period. For setting the period, refer to Set Arming Schedule .
4. Repeat step 3 to set more than one scheduled tasks.
5. Set Park Time. During the set task period, if you operate the device manually, the scheduled task will be suspended. When the manual operation is over, the device will continue to perform the scheduled task after the set park time.
6. Click Save.

Note
If you want to clear all scheduled tasks, go to Configuration → PTZ → Clear Config , check Clear All Scheduled Tasks, and click Save.

5.8 Set Park Action

You can set the device to perform an action (for example, preset or patrol) or return to a position after a period of inactivity (park time).

Before You Start
Set the action type first. For example, if you want to select patrol as park action, you should set the patrol. For setting patrols, refer to Set Patrol Scan .

Steps
1. Go to Configuration → PTZ → Park Action and check Enable Park Action.
2. Set Park Time, the inactive time before the device starts the park action.
3. Select Action Type according to your needs.
4. Click Save.

5.8.1 Set One-Touch Park

This function is used to start park instantly.

Steps
1. Refer to Set Park Action to set a park action.
2. Choose from the following methods to start one-touch park.
   - Click  
   - Call Preset No. 32.

5.9 Set Privacy Mask

Privacy mask enables you to cover certain areas on the live image to prevent certain spots in the surveillance area from being live viewed and recorded.

Steps
1. Go to Configuration → PTZ → Privacy Mask.
2. Check Enable Privacy Masks.
3. Adjust the live image to the target scene via PTZ control buttons.
4. Draw the area.
   - Draw Area: Click Draw Area, and click on the live view image to determine the boundary of the mask.
   - Stop Drawing: Click Stop Drawing after drawing the mask.
5. Click Add.
   - It is listed in Privacy Mask List.
6. Edit Name, Type, and Active Zoom Ratio on your demand.
   - Active Zoom Ratio
     - When the actual zoom ratio is less than the set active zoom ratio, the set area can not be covered. When the actual zoom ratio is greater than the set active zoom ratio, the privacy mask is valid. The maximum value of active zoom ratio depends on the camera module.
7. Repeat the steps above to set other privacy masks.
8. Click Save.

5.10 Set Smart Tracking

The function allows the device detecting and tracking the moving targets in the scene. The target stays in the center of the live image with a predefined size during the tracking process.

Steps
1. Go to Configuration → PTZ → Smart Tracking.
2. Check Enable Smart Tracking
3. Set the Duration. The device stops tracking when the duration time is up.
4. Select a target in the live image and adjust the PTZ buttons to see the target at desired size.
5. Click Set Zoom Ratio. The device tracks the target at a fixed zoom ratio.
6. Click Save.
5.11 Set Device Position

Before You Start
Go to Configuration → PTZ → Basic Settings → PTZ OSD to enable PT Status display.

Steps
1. Go to the setting page: Configuration → PTZ → Position Settings.
2. Select a PT Mode.
   - Manual: Use a direction indicating device to determine the North at the device location, and set the North for the device. For details, see Set Manual Compass.
   - Auto: For the device that has built-in e-compass, the compass can automatically tell the north direction for the device. For details, see Set Auto Compass.
   After enabling the function, the device triggers alarms once its position changes because of shock or vandalism.
   - Sensitivity: The higher the value is, the easier the alarm will be triggered.
   - Upload Vandal-proof Alarm: The device uploads the alarm information when the alarm is triggered.
   - Vandal-proof Alarm Voice Warning: The camera triggers the alarm with audible warning.
4. Select a Longitude-Latitude Mode to set the geographic location of the device.
   - Auto: For device with a built-in positioning module, select Auto to automatically obtain the longitude and latitude of the device location.
   - Manual: Get the device location information in advance, and input the longitude and latitude manually.
5. Click Save.

What to do next
If you lost direction when operating the device, you can click Point to North to call the north position that is saved in the device.

5.11.1 Set Auto Compass

For the device that has built-in e-compass, the compass can automatically tell the north direction for the device.

Before You Start
Electromagnetic interference may affect the accuracy of the e-compass. Use manual compass if electromagnetic interference occurs in the device installation environment.
Steps
1. Select the PT Mode as Auto.
2. Click Calibrate to synchronize the north of the device with that of the e-compass.

5.11.2 Set Manual Compass
Use a direction indicating device to determine the North at the device location, and set the North for the device.

Before You Start
Use a direction indicating device to determine the north at the device location.

Steps
1. Select the PT Mode as Manual.
2. Adjust the tilt position of the device to 0 by controlling the up arrow and down arrow on the PTZ panel.
3. Adjust the pan position to show the live view of the north direction by controlling the left arrow and right arrow on the PTZ panel.
4. Click Set as North.

5.12 Set Power Off Memory
This function can resume the previous PTZ status of device after it restarting from a power-off.

Steps
1. Go to Configuration → PTZ → Basic Settings .
2. Select Resume Time Point. When the device stays at one position for the set resume time point or more, the position is saved as a memory point. The device returns to the last memory point when it restarts.
3. Click Save.

5.13 Set PTZ Priority
The function can set the PTZ priority of different signals.

Steps
1. Go to Configuration → PTZ → Prioritize PTZ.
2. Set the priority signal and delayed time.
   
   Network
   The network signal controls the device with priority.

   RS-485
   The RS-485 signal controls the device with priority.
Delay
It refers to the time interval of PTZ operation controlled by different signals. When the operation with high priority is finished, the low priority signal controls the device after the setting interval.

3. Click Save.

5.14 Set Rapid Focus
Rapid focus is a function to reduce time of focusing comparing with that of normal focusing. To use the function, calibration should be done first. Rapid focus may not be supported by certain device models.

Steps
1. Go to Configuration → PTZ → Rapid Focus.
2. Add scenes for calibration.
   1) Adjust the live image to a desired scene via PTZ control buttons, and click Add.
   2) Set the Rate and the Calibration Point Amount of the added scene.

   ![Note]
   More calibration points may increase calibration accuracy, but more focusing time is required. The default amount is recommended.

3. Select the scene to display the calibration line.
   A red line displays on live image.

4. Adjust the length and position of the line by dragging its two endpoints.

   ![Note]
   The red line is recommended to stay in the center of the scene and to cover ground at the same time.
   Double click the image to enter full screen mode.

5. Click Start Calibration.
   Calibration status displays on the live image.

6. Repeat to add other scenes and complete the calibration.
7. Check Enable Height Compensation if the mounting height of the device is lower than 3 meters.
8. Check Enable after successful calibration.
9. Click Save.
Chapter 6 Live View

It introduces the live view parameters, function icons and transmission parameters settings.

6.1 Live View Parameters

6.1.1 Start and Stop Live View

Click **Live View**. Click ▶ to start live view. Click ▼ to stop live view.

6.1.2 Aspect Ratio

Aspect Ratio is the display ratio of the width to height of the image.

- ▓ refers to 4:3 window size.
- ▓ refers to 16:9 window size.
- ▓ refers to original window size.
- ▓ refers to self-adaptive window size.

6.1.3 Live View Stream Type

Select the live view stream type according to your needs. For the detailed information about the stream type selection, refer to *Stream Type*.

6.1.4 Quick Set Live View

It offers the quick access to the display settings, OSD, and video/audio on live view page.

Steps

1. Click ▼ and click **General** to show quick setup page.

2. Set display settings, OSD, and video/audio.
   - For parameter explanation and instructions of display settings, see *Display Settings*.
   - For parameter explanation and instructions of OSD settings, see *OSD*.
   - For parameter explanation and instructions of audio and video settings, see *Video and Audio*.
6.1.5 Select the Third-Party Plug-in

When the live view cannot display via certain browsers, you can change the plug-in for live view according to the browser.

**Steps**
1. Click Live View.
2. Click \( \square \) to select the plug-in.
   - When you access the device via Internet Explorer, you can select Webcomponents or QuickTime.
   - When you access the device via the other browsers, you can select Webcomponents, QuickTime, VLC or MJPEG.

6.1.6 Start Digital Zoom

It helps to see a detailed information of any region in the image.

**Steps**
1. Click \( \square \) to enable the digital zoom.
2. In live view image, drag the mouse to select the desired region.
3. Click in the live view image to back to the original image.

6.1.7 Conduct Regional Focus

You can enable the function to focus on certain area.

**Steps**
1. Click \( \square \) to enable regional focus.
2. Drag the mouse on the live view to draw a rectangle as the desired focus area.
3. Click \( \square \) to disable this function.

6.1.8 Conduct Regional Exposure

When the brightness of live view is not balanced, you can enable this function to optimize the exposure of the selected image region.

**Steps**
1. Click \( \square \) to enable regional exposure.
2. Drag the mouse on the live view to draw a rectangle as the desired exposure area.
3. Click \( \square \) to disable this function.
6.1.9 Count Pixel

It helps to get the height and width pixel of the selected region in the live view image.

Steps
1. Click \( \mathbb{C} \) to enable the function.
2. Drag the mouse on the image to select a desired rectangle area.
   The width pixel and height pixel are displayed on the bottom of the live view image.

6.1.10 Light

Click \( \mathbb{L} \) to turn on or turn off the illuminator.

6.1.11 Operate Wiper

For the device that has a wiper, you can control the wiper via web browser.

Steps
1. Go to wiper setting page: Configuration \( \rightarrow \) PTZ \( \rightarrow \) Wiper.
2. Select a wiper mode.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>One Time</td>
<td>The wiper wipes one time when you click ( \mathbb{C} ) on live view page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cycle</td>
<td>The wiper works on schedule at set wiping interval. Click ( \mathbb{C} ) on live view to start wiping.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Duration</td>
<td>The schedule in which the wiper is ready to work.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interval</td>
<td>The interval between two secessive wiping actions.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note**

Auto mode is only available for device that supports rain-sensing auto wiper.

In auto mode, the wiper works when rain drops on the window.

6.1.12 Lens Initialization

Lens initialization is used on the device equipped with motorized lens. The function can reset lens when long time zoom or focus results in blurred image. This function varies according to different models.
Click 🔄 to operate lens initialization.

### 6.1.13 Track Manually

In live view, manually select a target for the device to track.

**Steps**
1. Click 🔄 on the toolbar of the live view page.
2. Click a moving object in the live image.
   - The camera tracks the target and keep it in the center of live view image.

### 6.1.14 Conduct 3D Positioning

3D positioning is to relocate the selected area to the image center.

**Steps**
1. Click 🔄 to enable the function.
2. Select a target area in live image.
   - Left click on a point on live image: the point is relocated to the center of the live image. With no zooming in or out effect.
   - Hold and drag the mouse to a lower right position to frame an area on the live: the framed area is zoomed in and relocated to the center of the live image.
   - Hold and drag the mouse to an upper left position to frame an area on the live: the framed area is zoomed out and relocated to the center of the live image.
3. Click the button again to turn off the function.

### 6.2 Set Transmission Parameters

The live view image may be displayed abnormally according to the network conditions. In different network environments, you can adjust the transmission parameters to solve the problem.

**Steps**
1. Go to Configuration → Local.
2. Set the transmission parameters as required.

**Protocol**

- **TCP**
  - TCP ensures complete delivery of streaming data and better video quality, yet the real-time transmission will be affected. It is suitable for the stable network environment.

- **UDP**
  - UDP is suitable for the unstable network environment that does not demand high video fluency.
MULTICAST
MULTICAST is suitable for the situation that there are multiple clients. You should set the multicast address for them before selection.

Note
For detailed information about multicast, refer to .

HTTP
HTTP is suitable for the situation that the third-party needs to get the stream from the device.

Play Performance
Shortest Delay
The device takes the real-time video image as the priority over the video fluency.

Balanced
The device ensures both the real-time video image and the fluency.

Fluent
The device takes the video fluency as the priority over real-time. In poor network environment, the device cannot ensures video fluency even the fluency is enabled.

Custom
You can set the frame rate manually. In poor network environment, you can reduce the frame rate to get a fluent live view. But the rule information may cannot display.

3. Click OK.

6.3 Smart Display
This function displays real time images captured by certain smart functions.

Note
To use this function, you should first enable and configure certain smart functions.

- You can view the live image in one or two windows. Click or to switch.
- You can choose a live view. Click to choose a live view camera channel to display.
- You can change the layout of the display page. Click and check the display content you need to add it to the layout.
Chapter 7 Video and Audio

This part introduces the configuration of video and audio related parameters.

7.1 Video Settings

This part introduces the settings of video parameters, such as, stream type, video encoding, and resolution.

Go to setting page: Configuration → Video/Audio → Video.

7.1.1 Stream Type

For device supports more than one stream, you can specify parameters for each stream type.

Main Stream
The stream stands for the best stream performance the device supports. It usually offers the best resolution and frame rate the device can do. But high resolution and frame rate usually means larger storage space and higher bandwidth requirements in transmission.

Sub Stream
The stream usually offers comparatively low resolution options, which consumes less bandwidth and storage space.

Other Streams
Steams other than the main stream and sub stream may also be offered for customized usage.

7.1.2 Video Type

Select the content (video and audio) that should be contained in the stream.

Video
Only video content is contained in the stream.

Video & Audio
Video content and audio content are contained in the composite stream.

7.1.3 Resolution

Select video resolution according to actual needs. Higher resolution requires higher bandwidth and storage.
7.1.4 Bitrate Type and Max. Bitrate

**Constant Bitrate**

It means that the stream is compressed and transmitted at a comparatively fixed bitrate. The compression speed is fast, but mosaic may occur on the image.

**Variable Bitrate**

It means that the device automatically adjust the bitrate under the set **Max. Bitrate**. The compression speed is slower than that of the constant bitrate. But it guarantees the image quality of complex scenes.

7.1.5 Video Quality

When **Bitrate Type** is set as Variable, video quality is configurable. Select a video quality according to actual needs. Note that higher video quality requires higher bandwidth.

7.1.6 Frame Rate

The frame rate is to describe the frequency at which the video stream is updated and it is measured by frames per second (fps).

A higher frame rate is advantageous when there is movement in the video stream, as it maintains image quality throughout. Note that higher frame rate requires higher bandwidth and larger storage space.

7.1.7 Video Encoding

It stands for the compression standard the device adopts for video encoding.

**Note**

Available compression standards vary according to device models.

**H.264**

H.264, also known as MPEG-4 Part 10, Advanced Video Coding, is a compression standard. Without compressing image quality, it increases compression ratio and reduces the size of video file than MJPEG or MPEG-4 Part 2.
H.264+

H.264+ is an improved compression coding technology based on H.264. By enabling H.264+, you can estimate the HDD consumption by its maximum average bitrate. Compared to H.264, H.264+ reduces storage by up to 50% with the same maximum bitrate in most scenes.

When H.264+ is enabled, **Max. Average Bitrate** is configurable. The device gives a recommended max. average bitrate by default. You can adjust the parameter to a higher value if the video quality is less satisfactory. Max. average bitrate should not be higher than max. bitrate.

>Note

When H.264+ is enabled, **Video Quality**, **I Frame Interval**, **Profile** and **SVC** are not configurable.

H.265

H.265, also known as High Efficiency Video Coding (HEVC) and MPEG-H Part 2, is a compression standard. In comparison to H.264, it offers better video compression at the same resolution, frame rate and image quality.

H.265+

H.265+ is an improved compression coding technology based on H.265. By enabling H.265+, you can estimate the HDD consumption by its maximum average bitrate. Compared to H.265, H.265+ reduces storage by up to 50% with the same maximum bitrate in most scenes.

When H.265+ is enabled, **Max. Average Bitrate** is configurable. The device gives a recommended max. average bitrate by default. You can adjust the parameter to a higher value if the video quality is less satisfactory. Max. average bitrate should not be higher than max. bitrate.

>Note

When H.265+ is enabled, **Video Quality**, **I Frame Interval**, **Profile** and **SVC** are not configurable.

 MJPEG

Motion JPEG (M-JPEG or MJPEG) is a video compression format in which intraframe coding technology is used. Images in a MJPEG format is compressed as individual JPEG images.

7.1.8 Profile

This function means that under the same bitrate, the more complex the profile is, the higher the quality of the image is, and the requirement for network bandwidth is also higher.
7.1.9 I-Frame Interval

I-frame interval defines the number of frames between 2 I-frames.

In H.264 and H.265, an I-frame, or intra frame, is a self-contained frame that can be independently decoded without any reference to other images. An I-frame consumes more bits than other frames. Thus, video with more I-frames, in other words, smaller I-frame interval, generates more steady and reliable data bits while requiring more storage space.

7.1.10 SVC

Scalable Video Coding (SVC) is the name for the Annex G extension of the H.264 or H.265 video compression standard.

The objective of the SVC standardization has been to enable the encoding of a high-quality video bitstream that contains one or more subset bitstreams that can themselves be decoded with a complexity and reconstruction quality similar to that achieved using the existing H.264 or H.265 design with the same quantity of data as in the subset bitstream. The subset bitstream is derived by dropping packets from the larger bitstream. SVC enables forward compatibility for older hardware: the same bitstream can be consumed by basic hardware which can only decode a low-resolution subset, while more advanced hardware will be able decode high quality video stream.

7.1.11 Smoothing

It refers to the smoothness of the stream. The higher value of the smoothing is, the better fluency of the stream will be, though, the video quality may not be so satisfactory. The lower value of the smoothing is, the higher quality of the stream will be, though it may appear not fluent.

7.2 Audio Settings

It is a function to set audio parameters such as audio encoding, environment noise filtering.

Go to the audio settings page: Configuration → Video/Audio → Audio.

7.2.1 Audio Input

If built-in microphone or external audio pick-up device is available, audio encoding, audio input mode and input volume are configurable.

Audio Encoding

The device offers several compression standard. Select according to your need.
Audio Input
LineIn and MicIn are available. Select MicIn for the built-in microphone, and LineIn for external audio pick-up device.

Input volume
Adjust the volume of the audio input.

7.2.2 Environmental Noise Filter
Set it as OFF or ON. When the function is enabled, the noise in the environment can be filtered to some extent.

7.3 Two-way Audio
It is used to realize the two-way audio function between the monitoring center and the target in the monitoring screen.

Before You Start
- Make sure the audio input device (pick-up or microphone) and audio output device (speaker) connected to the device is working properly. Refer to specifications of audio input and output devices for device connection.
- If the device has built-in microphone and speaker, two-way audio function can be enabled directly.

Steps
1. Click Live View.
2. Click 🎤 on the toolbar to enable two-way audio function of the camera.
3. Click 🎤 and select 🎤 , move the slider to adjust the volume.
4. Click 🎤 , disable the two-way audio function.

7.4 ROI
ROI (Region of Interest) encoding helps to discriminate the ROI and background information in video compression. The technology assigns more encoding resource to the region of interest, thus to increase the quality of the ROI whereas the background information is less focused.

7.4.1 Set ROI
ROI (Region of Interest) encoding helps to assigns more encoding resource to the region of interest, thus to increase the quality of the ROI whereas the background information is less focused.
Before You Start
Please check the video coding type. ROI is supported when the video coding type is H.264 or H.265.

Steps
1. Go to Configuration → Video/Audio → ROI.
2. Check Enable.
3. Select Stream Type.
4. Select Region No. in Fixed Region to draw ROI region.
   1) Click Drawing.
   2) Click and drag the mouse on the view screen to draw the fixed region.
   3) Click Stop Drawing.

   Note
   Select the fixed region that needs to be adjusted and drag the mouse to adjust its position.

5. Input the Region Name and ROI Level.
6. Click Save.

   Note
   The higher the ROI level is, the clearer the image of the detected region is.

7. Optional: Select other region No. and repeat the above steps if you need to draw multiple fixed regions.

7.4.2 Set Target Tracking ROI
The moving target is clearer than other areas in live image or recordings after enabling the function.

Before You Start
Go to Configuration → PTZ → Smart Tracking to complete the smart tracking settings.

Steps
1. Go to Configuration → Video/Audio → ROI.
2. Check Enable Target Tracking.
3. Set ROI Level for target tracking. The higher the value is, the clearer the target is.
4. Click Save.

7.4.3 Set Face Tracking ROI
When the face tracking function is enabled in ROI and the face appears in the live picture, the image of the face is clearer than that of the surrounding area.
Steps
1. Go to the ROI setting page: Configuration → Video/Audio → ROI.
2. Check Enable Face Tracking.
3. Select ROI Level in Dynamic Region.

Note
ROI level means the image quality enhancing level. The larger the value is, the better the image quality would be.

4. Click Save.

7.4.4 Set License Plate Tracking ROI

When the license plate tracking ROI function is enabled and the license plate appears in the live picture, the image of the license plate is clearer than that of the surrounding area.

Steps
1. Go to the ROI setting page: Configuration → Video/Audio → ROI.
2. Check Enable License Plate Tracking.
3. Select ROI Level in Dynamic Region.

Note
ROI level means the image quality enhancing level. The larger the value is, the better the image quality would be.

4. Click Save.

7.5 Display Info. on Stream

The information of the objects (e.g. human, vehicle, etc.) is marked in the video stream. You can set rules on the connected rear-end device or client software to detect the events including line crossing, intrusion, etc.

Steps
1. Go to the setting page: Configuration → Video/Audio → Display Info. on Stream.
2. Check Enable Dual-VCA.
3. Click Save.

7.6 Display Settings

It offers the parameter settings to adjust image features.

Go to Configuration → Image → Display Settings.

Click Default to restore settings.
7.6.1 Scene Mode

There are several sets of image parameters predefined for different installation environments. Select a scene according to the actual installation environment to speed up the display settings.

Image Adjustment

By adjusting the Brightness, Saturation, Contrast and Sharpness, the image can be best displayed.

Exposure Settings

Exposure is controlled by the combination of iris, shutter, and gain. You can adjust image effect by setting exposure parameters.

Exposure Mode

Auto
The iris, shutter, and gain values are adjusted automatically.
You can limit the changing ranges of iris, shutter and gain by setting Max. Iris Limit, Min. Iris Limit, Max. Shutter Limit, Min. Shutter Limit and Limit Gain for better exposure effect.

Iris Priority
The value of iris needs to be adjusted manually. The shutter and gain values are adjusted automatically according to the brightness of the environment.
You can limit the changing ranges of the shutter and gain by setting Max. Shutter Limit, Min. Shutter Limit and Limit Gain for better exposure effect.

Shutter Priority
The value of shutter needs to be adjusted manually. The iris and gain values are adjusted automatically according to the brightness of the environment.
You can limit the changing ranges of the iris by setting Max. Iris Limit, Min. Iris Limit and Limit Gain for better exposure effect.

Manual
You need to set Iris, Shutter, and Gain manually.

Slow Shutter
The higher the slow shutter level is, the slower the shutter speed is. It ensures full exposure in underexposure condition.

Focus
It offers options to adjust the focus mode and the minimum focus distance.
Focus Mode

Auto
The device focuses automatically as the scene changes. If you cannot get a well-focused image under auto mode, reduce light sources in the image and avoid flashing lights.

Semi-auto
The device focuses once after the PTZ and lens zooming. If the image is clear, the focus does not change when the scene changes.

Manual
You can adjust the focus manually on the live view page.

Min. Focus Distance
When the distance between the scene and lens is shorter than the Min. Focus Distance, the lens does not focus.

Day/Night Switch

Day/Night Switch function can provide color images in the day mode and black/white images in the night mode. Switch mode is configurable.

Day
The image is always in color.

Night
The image is always black/white

Auto
The camera switches between the day mode and the night mode according to the illumination automatically.

Scheduled-Switch
Set the Start Time and the End Time to define the duration for day mode.

Triggered by alarm input
Two trigger modes are available: Day and Night. For example, if the trigger mode is Night, the image turns black and white when the device receives alarm input signal.

Note
Day/Night Switch function varies according to models.

Set Supplement Light

Steps
1. Go to Configuration → Maintenance → System Service.
2. Check Enable Supplement Light.
3. Click **Save**.

4. Go to **Configuration → Image → Display Settings → Day/Night Switch** to set supplement light parameters.

   **Smart Supplement Light**
   
   This feature uses smart image processing technology to reduce overexposure caused by supplement light.

   **IR Light Mode**
   
   When the mode is set to **Auto**, the supplement light is automatically enabled or disabled according to the image brightness.

   **Brightness Limit**
   
   Adjust the upper limit of IR light power.

**BLC**

If you focus on an object against strong backlight, the object will be too dark to be seen clearly. BLC (backlight compensation) compensates light to the object in the front to make it clear. If BLC mode is set as **Custom**, you can draw a red rectangle on the live view image as the BLC area.

**HLC**

When the bright area of the image is over-exposed and the dark area is under-exposed, the HLC (High Light Compression) function can be enabled to weaken the bright area and brighten the dark area, so as to achieve the light balance of the overall picture.

**WDR**

The WDR (Wide Dynamic Range) function helps the camera provide clear images in environment with strong illumination differences.

When there are both very bright and very dark areas simultaneously in the field of view, you can enable the WDR function and set the level. WDR automatically balances the brightness level of the whole image and provides clear images with more details.

**Note**

When WDR is enabled, some other functions may be not supported. Refer to the actual interface for details.
DNR

Digital Noise Reduction is used to reduce the image noise and improve the image quality. **Normal** and **Expert** modes are selectable.

**Normal**
- Set the DNR level to control the noise reduction degree. The higher level means stronger reduction degree.

**Expert**
- Set the DNR level for both space DNR and time DNR to control the noise reduction degree. The higher level means stronger reduction degree.

White Balance

White balance is the white rendition function of the camera. It is used to adjust the color temperature according to the environment.

Defog

You can enable the defog function when the environment is foggy and the image is misty. It enhances the subtle details so that the image appears clearer.

EIS

Increase the stability of video image by using jitter compensation technology.

OIS

OIS (Optical Image Stabilization) reduces the effects of vibration in a video in order to increase the stability of the video.

**Normal**
- The camera enable OIS automatically, which can modify most unstable situations.

**Expert**
- You can customize the level and sensitivity of OIS as needed.

7.6.2 Image Parameters Switch

The device automatically switches image parameters in set time periods.
Go to image parameters switch setting page: **Configuration → Image → Image Parameters Switch**, and set parameters as needed.

### Set Scheduled-switch

Switch the image to the linked scene mode automatically in certain time periods.

**Steps**
1. Check **Scheduled-switch**.
2. Select and configure the corresponding time period and linked scene mode.

**Note**
For Linked Scene configuration, refer to **Scene Mode**.

3. Click **Save**.

### Set Link to Preset

You can set a preset to switch the image to a linked scene.

**Steps**
1. Check **Link to Preset**.
2. Select a preset.
3. Check and set a time period and a linked scene mode.
4. Click **Save**.

### 7.6.3 Mirror

When the live view image is the reverse of the actual scene, this function helps to display the image normally.

Select the mirror mode as needed.

**Note**
The video recording will be shortly interrupted when the function is enabled.

### 7.6.4 Video Standard

Video standard is an ability of a video card or video display device that defines the amount of colors that are shown and the resolution. The two most common video standard used are NTSC and PAL. In NTSC, 30 frames are transmitted each second. Each frame is made up of 525 individual scan lines. In PAL, 25 frames are transmitted each second. Each frame is made up of 625 individual scan lines. Select video signal standard according to the video system in your country.
7.7 OSD

You can customize OSD (On-screen Display) information such as device name, time/date, font, color, and text overlay displayed on video stream.

Go to OSD setting page: **Configuration → Image → OSD Settings**. Set the corresponding parameters, and click **Save** to take effect.

**Displayed Information**
Set camera name, date, week, and their related display format.

**Text Overlay**
Set customized overlay text on image.

**OSD Parameters**
Set OSD parameters, such as **Display Mode**, **OSD Size**, **Font Color**, and **Alignment**.
Chapter 8 Video Recording and Picture Capture

This part introduces the operations of capturing video clips and snapshots, playback, and downloading captured files.

8.1 Storage Settings

This part introduces the configuration of several common storage paths.

8.1.1 Set Memory Card

If you choose to store the files to memory card, make sure you insert and format the memory card in advance.

**Before You Start**
Insert the memory card to the camera. For detailed installation, refer to *Quick Start Guide* of the camera.

**Steps**
1. Go to storage management setting page: Configuration → Storage → Storage Management → HDD Management.
2. Select the memory card, and click **Format** to start initializing the memory card.
   - The **Status** of memory card turns to **Normal** from **Uninitialized**, which means the memory card can be used normally.
3. **Optional**: Define the **Quota** of the memory card. Input the quota percentage for different contents according to your need.
4. Click **Save**.

**Detect Memory Card Status**

It helps to detect the memory card status of Hikvision memory card. You receive notifications when your memory card is detected abnormal.

**Before You Start**
Memory card should be installed to the device.

**Steps**
1. Go to memory card detection setting page: Configuration → Storage → Storage Management → Memory Card Detection.
2. Click **Status Detection** to check the **Remaining Lifespan** and **Health Status** of your memory card.
   - **Remaining Lifespan**
It shows the percentage of the remaining lifespan. The lifespan of a memory card may be influenced by factors such as its capacity and the bitrate. You need to change the memory card if the remaining lifespan is not enough.

**Health Status**

It shows the condition of your memory card. There are three status descriptions, good, bad, and damaged. You will receive a notification if the health status is anything other than good when the **Arming Schedule** and **Linkage Method** are set.

**Note**

It is recommended that you change the memory card when the health status is not “good”.

3. Click **R/W Lock** to set the authority of reading and writing to the memory card.
   - Add a Lock
     a. Select the **Lock Switch** as ON.
     b. Enter the password.
     c. Click **Save**
   - Unlock
     - If you use the memory card on the camera that locks it, unlocking will be done automatically and no unlocking procedures are required on the part of users.
     - If you use the memory card (with a lock) on a different camera, you can go to **HDD Management** interface to unlock the memory card manually. Select the memory card, and click the **Unlock** button shown next to the **Format** button. Then enter the correct password to unlock it.
   - Remove the Lock
     a. Select the **Lock Switch** as OFF.
     b. Enter the password in **Password Settings**.
     c. Click **Save**.

**Note**

- Only admin user can set the **R/W Lock**.
- The memory card can only be read and write when it is unlocked.
- If the camera, which adds a lock to a memory card, is restored to the factory settings, you can go to **HDD Management** interface to unlock the memory card.

4. Set **Arming Schedule** and **Linkage Method**. Refer to **Set Arming Schedule** and **Linkage Method Settings** for details.
5. Click **Save**.

**8.1.2 Set FTP**

You can configure the FTP server to save images which are captured by events or a timed snapshot task.
Before You Start
Get the FTP server address first.

Steps
1. Go to Configuration → Network → Advanced Settings → FTP.
2. Configure FTP settings.

   **Server Address and Port**
   The FTP server address and corresponding port.

   **User Name and Password**
   The FTP user should have the permission to upload pictures.
   If the FTP server supports picture uploading by anonymous users, you can check **Anonymous** to hide your device information during uploading.

   **Directory Structure**
   The saving path of snapshots in the FTP server.

   **Picture Filling Interval**
   For better picture management, you can set the picture filing interval from 1 day to 30 days. Pictures captured in the same time interval will be saved in one folder named after the beginning date and ending date of the time interval.

   **Picture Name**
   Set the naming rule for captured pictures. You can choose **Default** in the drop-down list to use the default rule, that is, IP address_channel number_capture time_event type.jpg (e.g., 10.11.37.189_01_20150917094425492_FACE_DETECTION.jpg). Or you can customize it by adding a **Custom Prefix** to the default naming rule.

3. Click **Upload Picture** to enable uploading snapshots to the FTP server.
4. Click **Test** to verify the FTP server.
5. Click **Save**.

8.1.3 Set NAS

Take network server as network disk to store the record files, captured images, etc.

Before You Start
Get the IP address of the network disk first.

Steps
1. Go to NAS setting page: Configuration → Storage → Storage Management → Net HDD.
2. Click **HDD No.**. Enter the server address and file path for the disk.

   **Server Address**
   The IP address of the network disk.

   **File Path**
The saving path of network disk files.

**Mounting Type**
Select file system protocol according to the operation system.
Enter user name and password of the net HDD to guarantee the security if SMB/CIFS is selected.

3. Click **Test** to check whether the network disk is available.
4. Click **Save**.

### 8.2 Video Recording

This part introduces the operations of manual and scheduled recording, playback, and downloading recorded files.

#### 8.2.1 Record Automatically

This function can record video automatically during configured time periods.

**Before You Start**
Select **Trigger Recording** in event settings for each record type except **Continuous**. See *Event and Alarm* for details.

**Steps**
1. Go to **Configuration → Storage → Schedule Settings → Record Schedule**.
2. Check **Enable**.
3. Select a record type.

---

**Note**
The record type is vary according to different models.

**Continuous**
The video will be recorded continuously according to the schedule.

**Motion**
When motion detection is enabled and trigger recording is selected as linkage method, object movement is recorded.

**Alarm**
When alarm input is enabled and trigger recording is selected as linkage method, the video is recorded after receiving alarm signal from external alarm input device.

**Motion | Alarm**
Video is recorded when motion is detected or alarm signal is received from the external alarm input device.

**Motion & Alarm**
Video is recorded only when motion is detected and alarm signal is received from the external alarm input device.

**Event**

The video is recorded when configured event is detected.

4. Set schedule for the selected record type. Refer to *Set Arming Schedule* for the setting operation.

5. Click **Advanced** to set the advanced settings.

**Overwrite**

Enable **Overwrite** to overwrite the video records when the storage space is full. Otherwise the camera cannot record new videos.

**Pre-record**

The time period you set to record before the scheduled time.

**Post-record**

The time period you set to stop recording after the scheduled time.

**Stream Type**

Select the stream type for recording.

### Note

When you select the stream type with higher bitrate, the actual time of the pre-record and post-record may be less than the set value.

**Recording Expiration**

The recordings are deleted when they exceed the expired time. The expired time is configurable. Note that once the recordings are deleted, they can not be recovered.

6. Click **Save**.

### 8.2.2 Record Manually

**Steps**

1. Go to **Configuration → Local**.
2. Set the **Record File Size** and saving path to for recorded files.
3. Click **Save**.
4. Click **Start** to start recording. Click **Stop** to stop recording.

### 8.2.3 Playback and Download Video

You can search, playback and download the videos stored in the local storage or network storage.

**Steps**

1. Click **Playback**.
2. Set search condition and click **Search**.
   The matched video files showed on the timing bar.
3. Click  to play the video files.
   - Click  to clip video files.
   - Click  to play video files in full screen. Press **ESC** to exit full screen.

**Note**
Go to **Configuration → Local**, click **Save clips to** to change the saving path of clipped video files.

4. Click  on the playback interface to download files.
   1) Set search condition and click **Search**.
   2) Select the video files and then click **Download**.

**Note**
Go to **Configuration → Local**, click **Save downloaded files to** to change the saving path of downloaded video files.

### 8.3 Capture Configuration

The device can capture the pictures manually or automatically and save them in configured saving path. You can view and download the snapshots.

#### 8.3.1 Capture Automatically

This function can capture pictures automatically during configured time periods.

**Before You Start**
If event-triggered capture is required, you should configure related linkage methods in event settings. Refer to **Event and Alarm** for event settings.

**Steps**
1. Go to **Configuration → Storage → Schedule Settings → Capture → Capture Parameters**.
2. Set the capture type.
   - **Timing**
     Capture a picture at the configured time interval.
   - **Event-Triggered**
     Capture a picture when an event is triggered.
3. Set the **Format**, **Resolution**, **Quality**, **Interval**, and **Capture Number**.
4. Refer to **Set Arming Schedule** for configuring schedule time.
5. Click **Save**.
8.3.2 Capture Manually

Steps
1. Go to Configuration → Local.
2. Set the Image Format and saving path to for snapshots.
   - JPEG
     The picture size of this format is comparatively small, which is better for network transmission.
   - BMP
     The picture is compressed with good quality.
3. Click Save.
4. Click near the live view or play back window to capture a picture manually.

8.3.3 View and Download Picture

You can search, view and download the pictures stored in the local storage or network storage.

Steps
1. Click Picture.
2. Set search condition and click Search.
   The matched pictures showed in the file list.
3. Select the pictures then click Download to download them.

Note
Go to Configuration → Local, click Save snapshots when playback to change the saving path of pictures.
Chapter 9 Event and Alarm

This part introduces the configuration of events. The device takes certain response to triggered alarm.

9.1 Basic Event

9.1.1 Set Motion Detection

This function detects moving objects in the detection region and trigger linkage actions.

Steps
1. Go to Configuration → Event → Basic Event → Motion Detection.
2. Check Enable Motion Detection.
3. Optional: Check Enable Motion Detection in PTZ Control, and the device detects moving targets in PTZ movement.
4. Optional: Highlight moving objects in green.
   1) Check Enable Dynamic Analysis for Motion.
   2) Go to Configuration → Local to enable Rules.
5. Select Configuration Mode. Normal mode and expert mode are selectable.
   - For the information about normal mode, see Normal Mode.
   - For the information about expert mode, see Expert Mode.
6. Set the arming schedule. See Set Arming Schedule for details.
7. Set linkage methods. See Linkage Method Settings for details.
8. Click Save.

Normal Mode

You can set motion detection parameters according to the device default parameters.

Steps
1. Select normal mode in Configuration.
2. Set the sensitivity of normal mode. The higher the value of sensitivity is, the more sensitive the motion detection is. If the sensitivity is set to 0, motion detection and dynamic analysis do not take effect.
3. Click Draw Area. Click and drag the mouse on the live video, then release the mouse to finish drawing one area.
**Stop Drawing**  Stop drawing one area.

**Clear All**  Clear all the areas.

**4. Optional:** You can set the parameters of multiple areas by repeating the above steps.

**Expert Mode**

You can configure different motion detection parameters for day and night according to the actual needs.

**Steps**

1. Select **Expert Mode** in **Configuration**.
2. Set parameters of expert mode.

**Scheduled Image Settings**

- **OFF**  Image switch is disabled.

- **Auto-Switch**  
  The system switches day/night mode automatically according to environment. It displays colored image at day and black and white image at night.

- **Scheduled-Switch**  
  The system switches day/night mode according to the schedule. It switches to day mode during the set periods and switches to night mode during the other periods.

**Sensitivity**

The higher the value of sensitivity is, the more sensitive the motion detection is. If scheduled image settings is enabled, the sensitivity of day and night can be set separately.
3. Select an **Area** and click **Draw Area**. Click and drag the mouse on the live image and then release the mouse to finish drawing one area.

![Figure 9-2 Set Rules](image)

4. **Stop Drawing** Finish drawing one area.

5. **Clear All** Delete all the areas.

4. Click **Save**.

5. **Optional**: Repeat above steps to set multiple areas.

### 9.1.2 Set Video Tampering Alarm

When the configured area is covered and cannot be monitored normally, the alarm is triggered and the device takes certain alarm response actions.

**Steps**

1. Go to **Configuration → Event → Basic Event → Video Tampering**.
2. Check **Enable**.
3. Set the **Sensitivity**. The higher the value is, the easier to detect the area covering.
4. Click **Draw Area** and drag the mouse in the live view to draw the area.

   **Stop Drawing** Finish drawing.

   **Clear All** Delete all the drawn areas.
5. Refer to *Set Arming Schedule* for setting scheduled time. Refer to *Linkage Method Settings* for setting linkage method.

6. Click *Save*.

### 9.1.3 Set Exception Alarm

Exception such as network disconnection can trigger the device to take corresponding action.

**Steps**

1. Go to *Configuration → Event → Basic Event → Exception*.
2. Select *Exception Type*.

   - **HDD Full**: The HDD storage is full.
   - **HDD Error**: Error occurs in HDD.
   - **Network Disconnected**: The device is offline.
   - **IP Address Conflicted**: The IP address of current device is same as that of other device in the network.
   - **Illegal Login**: Incorrect user name or password is entered.

3. Refer to *Linkage Method Settings* for setting linkage method.
4. Click *Save*.
9.1.4 Set Alarm Input

Alarm signal from the external device triggers the corresponding actions of the current device.

Before You Start
Make sure the external alarm device is connected. See Quick Start Guide for cables connection.

Steps
1. Go to Configuration → Event → Basic Event → Alarm Input.
2. Check Enable Alarm Input Handing.
3. Select Alarm Input NO. and Alarm Type from the dropdown list. Edit the Alarm Name.
4. Refer to Set Arming Schedule for setting scheduled time. Refer to Linkage Method Settings for setting linkage method.
5. Click Copy to... to copy the settings to other alarm input channels.
6. Click Save.

9.2 Smart Event

Note
• For certain device models, you need to enable the smart event function on VCA Resource page first to show the function configuration page.
• The function varies according to different models.

9.2.1 Detect Audio Exception

Audio exception detection function detects the abnormal sound in the surveillance scene, such as the sudden increase/decrease of the sound intensity, and some certain actions can be taken as response.

Steps
1. Go to Configuration → Event → Smart Event → Audio Exception Detection.
2. Select one or several audio exception detection types.
   - Audio Loss Detection
     Detect sudden loss of audio track.
   - Sudden Increase of Sound Intensity Detection
     Detect sudden increase of sound intensity. Sensitivity and Sound Intensity Threshold are configurable.
Note

• The lower the sensitivity is, the more significant the change should be to trigger the detection.
• The sound intensity threshold refers to the sound intensity reference for the detection. It is recommended to set as the average sound intensity in the environment. The louder the environment sound, the higher the value should be. You can adjust it according to the real environment.

Sudden Decrease of Sound Intensity Detection

Detect sudden decrease of sound intensity. Sensitivity is configurable.

3. Refer to Set Arming Schedule for setting scheduled time. Refer to Linkage Method Settings for setting linkage methods.

4. Click Save.

Note

The function varies according to different models.

9.2.2 Set Intrusion Detection

Intrusion detection detects the object movement of entering and loitering in a predefined area. When intrusion occurs, the device takes linkage actions as response.

Steps

1. Go to Configuration → Event → Smart Event → Intrusion Detection.
2. Check Enable.
3. Optional: Click Lock to lock PTZ control to prevent the interruption from other PTZ related action during configuration.
   Normally, the PTZ control is automatically locked when you enter the configuration interface. You can manually resume the lock when the countdown is over.

4. Adjust the live image to the desired scene by using PTZ control buttons.

5. Draw detection area.
   1) Select a Region No.. Up to 4 regions can be set.
   2) Click Detection Area.
   3) Click on the live image to draw the boundaries of the detection area, and right click to complete drawing.

6. Set detection parameters.

   Sensitivity
   It stands for the sensitivity of detecting an target. The higher the value of sensitivity is, the more easily the target is detected.

   Threshold
   Threshold stands for the time of the target loitering in the region. If the time that she/he stays in the region exceeds the threshold, the alarm is triggered.
**Detection Target**

You can specify the object type, and the device only detects the selected type of objects.

![Figure 9-4 Draw Area](image)

7. Click **Save**.
8. Repeat above steps to set other detection areas.
9. Set arming schedule. See **Set Arming Schedule**.
10. Set linkage method. See **Linkage Method Settings**.

### 9.2.3 Set Line Crossing Detection

Line crossing detection is used to detect the object movement of crossing a predefined line. When it occurs, the device takes linkage actions as response.

**Steps**

1. Go to **Configuration → Event → Smart Event → Line Crossing Detection**.
2. Check **Enable**.
3. **Optional**: Click **Lock** to lock PTZ control to prevent the interruption from other PTZ related action during configuration.
   
   Normally, the PTZ control is automatically locked when you enter the configuration interface.
   
   You can manually resume the lock when the countdown is over.
4. Adjust the live image to the desired scene by using PTZ control buttons.
5. Draw detection line.
   
   1) Select a **Line No.**. Up to 4 lines can be set in the scene.
   2) Click **Detection Area**.
      
      A yellow line is displayed on live image.
   3) Click on the line, and drag its end points to adjust the length and position.
   4) Select the **Direction** for the detection line.

**Direction**
It stands for the direction from which the object goes across the line.

**A<->B**
The object going across the line from both directions can be detected and alarms are triggered.

**A->B**
Only the object crossing the configured line from side A to side B can be detected.

**B->A**
Only the object crossing the configured line from side B to side A can be detected.

![Figure 9-5 Draw Line](image)

**Figure 9-5 Draw Line**

6. Set detection parameters.

- **Sensitivity**
  It stands for the sensitivity of detecting a target. The higher the value is, the more easily the target is detected.

- **Detection Target**
  You can specify the object type, and the device only detects the selected type of objects.

7. Click Save.
8. Repeat above steps to set other lines.
9. Set arming schedule. See *Set Arming Schedule*.
10. Set linkage method. See *Linkage Method Settings*.

### 9.2.4 Set Region Entrance Detection

Region entrance detection is used to detect the object movement of entering a predefined area. When it occurs, the device takes linkage actions as response.

**Steps**
1. Go to Configuration → Event → Smart Event → Region Entrance Detection.
2. Check Enable.
3. **Optional:** Click **Lock** to lock PTZ control to prevent the interruption from other PTZ related action during configuration.

   Normally, the PTZ control is automatically locked when you enter the configuration interface. You can manually resume the lock when the countdown is over.

4. Adjust the live image to the desired scene by using PTZ control buttons.

5. Draw detection area.
   1) Select a **Region No.** Up to 4 regions can be set.
   2) Click **Detection Area.**
   3) Click on the live image to draw the boundaries of the detection area, and right click to complete drawing.

6. Set detection parameters.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Sensitivity</strong></th>
<th>It stands for the sensitivity of detecting a target. The higher the value is, the more easily the target is detected.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Detection Target</strong></td>
<td>You can specify the object type, and the device only detects the selected type of objects.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   ![Figure 9-6 Draw Area](image)

7. Click **Save**.

8. Repeat above steps to set other regions.

9. Set arming schedule. See **Set Arming Schedule**.

10. Set linkage method. See **Linkage Method Settings**.

### 9.2.5 Set Region Exiting Detection

Region exiting detection is used to detect the objects movement of exiting from a predefined area. When it occurs, the device takes linkage actions as response.

**Steps**

1. Go to **Configuration → Event → Smart Event → Region Exiting Detection**.
2. Check **Enable**.

3. **Optional:** Click **Lock** to lock PTZ control to prevent the interruption from other PTZ related action during configuration.
   
   Normally, the PTZ control is automatically locked when you enter the configuration interface. You can manually resume the lock when the countdown is over.

4. Adjust the live image to the desired scene by using PTZ control buttons.

5. Draw detection area.
   1) Select a **Region No.**. Up to 4 regions can be set.
   2) Click **Detection Area**.
   3) Click on the live image to draw the boundaries of the detection area, and right click to complete drawing.

6. Set detection parameters.

   - **Sensitivity**
     
     It stands for the sensitivity of detecting a target. The higher the value is, the more easily the target is detected.

   - **Detection Target**
     
     You can specify the object type, and the device only detects the selected type of objects.

7. Click **Save**.

8. Repeat above steps to set other regions.

9. Set arming schedule. See **Set Arming Schedule**.

10. Set linkage method. See **Linkage Method Settings**.

**9.2.6 Set Object Removal Detection**

Object removal detection detects whether the objects are removed from the predefined detection area, such as exhibits on display. When it occurs, the device takes linkage actions as response.
Steps
1. Go to **Configuration → Event → Smart Event → Object Removal Detection**.
2. Check **Enable**.
3. **Optional:** Click **Lock** to lock PTZ control to prevent the interruption from other PTZ related action during configuration.
   Normally, the PTZ control is automatically locked when you enter the configuration interface. You can manually resume the lock when the countdown is over.
4. Adjust the live image to the desired scene by using PTZ control buttons.
5. Draw detection area.
   1) Select a **Region No.**. Up to 4 regions can be set.
   2) Click **Detection Area**.
   3) Click on the live image to draw the boundaries of the detection area, and right click to complete drawing.
6. Set detection parameters.
   - **Sensitivity** The value of the sensitivity defines the size of the object which can trigger the alarm, when the sensitivity is high, a very small object can trigger the alarm.
   - **Threshold** The threshold is the time of the objects removed from the area. If you set the value as 10, alarm is triggered after the object disappears from the area for 10 seconds.

![Figure 9-8 Draw Area](image)

7. Click **Save**.
8. Repeat above steps to set other regions.
9. Set arming schedule. See **Set Arming Schedule**.
10. Set linkage method. See **Linkage Method Settings**.
9.2.7 Set Unattended Baggage Detection

Unattended baggage detection is used to detect the objects left over in the predefined area. Linkage methods are triggered after the object is left and stays in the area for a set time period.

Steps
1. Go to Configuration → Event → Smart Event → Unattended Baggage Detection.
2. Check Enable.
3. Optional: Click Lock to lock PTZ control to prevent the interruption from other PTZ related action during configuration.
   Normally, the PTZ control is automatically locked when you enter the configuration interface. You can manually resume the lock when the countdown is over.
4. Adjust the live image to the desired scene by using PTZ control buttons.
5. Draw detection area.
   1) Select a Region No.. Up to 4 regions can be set.
   2) Click Detection Area.
   3) Click on the live image to draw the boundaries of the detection area, and right click to complete drawing.
6. Set detection parameters.
   - Sensitivity: The value of the sensitivity defines the size of the object which can trigger the alarm, when the sensitivity is high, a very small object can trigger the alarm.
   - Threshold: It stands for the time of the objects left in the area. Alarm is triggered after the object is left and stays in the area for the set time period.

7. Click Save.
8. Repeat above steps to set other regions.
10. Set linkage method. See Linkage Method Settings.

Figure 9-9 Draw Area
Chapter 10 Arming Schedule and Alarm Linkage

Arming schedule is a customized time period in which the device performs certain tasks. Alarm linkage is the response to the detected certain incident or target during the scheduled time.

10.1 Set Arming Schedule

Set the valid time of the device tasks.

Steps
1. Click Arming Schedule.
2. Drag the time bar to draw desired valid time.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Note</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Up to 8 periods can be configured for one day.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Adjust the time period.
   - Click on the selected time period, and enter the desired value. Click Save.
   - Click on the selected time period. Drag the both ends to adjust the time period.
   - Click on the selected time period, and drag it on the time bar.
4. Optional: Click Copy to... to copy the same settings to other days.
5. Click Save.

10.2 Linkage Method Settings

You can enable the linkage functions when an event or alarm occurs.

10.2.1 Trigger Alarm Output

If the device has been connected to an alarm output device, and the alarm output No. has been configured, the device sends alarm information to the connected alarm output device when an alarm is triggered.

Steps
1. Go to Configuration → Event → Basic Event → Alarm Output.
2. Set alarm output parameters.
   - Automatic Alarm For the information about the configuration, see Automatic Alarm.
   - Manual Alarm For the information about the configuration, see Manual Alarm.
3. Click Save.
**Automatic Alarm**

Set the automatic alarm parameters, then the device triggers an alarm output automatically in the set arming schedule.

**Steps**
1. Set automatic alarm parameters.
   - **Alarm Output No.**
     - Select the alarm output No. according to the alarm interface connected to the external alarm device.
   - **Alarm Name**
     - Custom a name for the alarm output.
   - **Delay**
     - It refers to the time duration that the alarm output remains after an alarm occurs.
2. Set the alarming schedule. For the information about the settings, see *Set Arming Schedule*.
3. Click **Copy to...** to copy the parameters to other alarm output channels.
4. Click **Save**.

**Manual Alarm**

You can trigger an alarm output manually.

**Steps**
1. Set the manual alarm parameters.
   - **Alarm Output No.**
     - Select the alarm output No. according to the alarm interface connected to the external alarm device.
   - **Alarm Name**
     - Custom a name for the alarm output.
   - **Delay**
     - Select **Manual**.
2. Click **Manual Alarm** to enable manual alarm output.
3. Optional: Click **Clear Alarm** to disable manual alarm output.

**10.2.2 FTP/NAS/Memory Card Uploading**

If you have enabled and configured the FTP/NAS/memory card uploading, the device sends the alarm information to the FTP server, network attached storage and memory card when an alarm is triggered.
Refer to Set FTP to set the FTP server.
Refer to Set NAS for NAS configuration.
Refer to Set Memory Card for memory card storage configuration.

10.2.3 Send Email

Check Send Email, and the device sends an email to the designated addresses with alarm information when an alarm event is detected.
For email settings, refer to Set Email.

Set Email

When the email is configured and Send Email is enabled as a linkage method, the device sends an email notification to all designated receivers if an alarm event is detected.

Before You Start
Set the DNS server before using the Email function. Go to Configuration → Network → Basic Settings → TCP/IP for DNS settings.

Steps
1. Go to email settings page: Configuration → Network → Advanced Settings → Email.
2. Set email parameters.
   1) Input the sender’s email information, including the Sender’s Address, SMTP Server, and SMTP Port.
   2) Optional: If your email server requires authentication, check Authentication and input your user name and password to log in to the server.
   3) Set the E-mail Encryption.
      • When you select SSL or TLS, and disable STARTTLS, emails are sent after encrypted by SSL or TLS. The SMTP port should be set as 465.
      • When you select SSL or TLS and Enable STARTTLS, emails are sent after encrypted by STARTTLS, and the SMTP port should be set as 25.

   \[
   \text{Note}
   \]
   If you want to use STARTTLS, make sure that the protocol is supported by your email server. If you check the Enable STARTTLS while the protocol is not supported by your email server, your email is sent with no encryption.

4) Optional: If you want to receive notification with alarm pictures, check Attached Image. The notification email has 3 attached alarm pictures about the event with configurable image capturing interval.
5) Input the receiver's information, including the receiver's name and address.
6) Click Test to see if the function is well configured.
3. Click Save.
10.2.4 Notify Surveillance Center

Check Notify Surveillance Center, the alarm information is uploaded to the surveillance center when an alarm event is detected.

10.2.5 Smart Tracking

Check Smart Tracking, and the device tracks the target when an alarm event is detected.

10.2.6 Trigger Recording

Check Trigger Recording, and the device records the video about the detected alarm event. For recording settings, refer to Video Recording and Picture Capture
Chapter 11 Network Settings

11.1 TCP/IP

TCP/IP settings must be properly configured before you operate the device over network. IPv4 and IPv6 are both supported. Both versions can be configured simultaneously without conflicting to each other.

Go to Configuration → Basic Configuration → Network → TCP/IP for parameter settings.

NIC Type
Select a NIC (Network Interface Card) type according to your network condition.

IPv4
Two IPv4 modes are available.

DHCP
The device automatically gets the IPv4 parameters from the network if you check DHCP. The device IP address is changed after enabling the function. You can use SADP to get the device IP address.

Note
The network that the device is connected to should support DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol).

Manual
You can set the device IPv4 parameters manually. Input IPv4 Address, IPv4 Subnet Mask, and IPv4 Default Gateway, and click Test to see if the IP address is available.

IPv6
Three IPv6 modes are available.

Route Advertisement
The IPv6 address is generated by combining the route advertisement and the device Mac address.

Note
Route advertisement mode requires the support from the router that the device is connected to.

DHCP
The IPv6 address is assigned by the server, router or gateway.

Manual
Input **IPv6 Address**, **IPv6 Subnet**, **IPv6 Default Gateway**. Consult the network administrator for required information.

**MTU**
It stands for maximum transmission unit. It is the size of the largest protocol data unit that can be communicated in a single network layer transaction.
The valid value range of MTU is 1280 to 1500.

**DNS**
It stands for domain name server. It is required if you need to visit the device with domain name. And it is also required for some applications (e.g., sending email). Set **Preferred DNS Server** and **Alternate DNS server** properly if needed.

### 11.1.1 Multicast Discovery

Check the **Enable Multicast Discovery**, and then the online network camera can be automatically detected by client software via private multicast protocol in the LAN.

### 11.2 Port

The device port can be modified when the device cannot access the network due to port conflicts.

⚠️ **Caution**
Do not modify the default port parameters at will, otherwise the device may be inaccessible.

Go to **Configuration → Network → Basic Settings → Port** for port settings.

**HTTP Port**
It refers to the port through which the browser accesses the device. For example, when the **HTTP Port** is modified to 81, you need to enter `http://192.168.1.64:81` in the browser for login.

**HTTPS Port**
It refers to the port through which the browser accesses the device with certificate. Certificate verification is required to ensure the secure access.

**RTSP Port**
It refers to the port of real-time streaming protocol.

**Server Port**
It refers to the port through which the client adds the device.

**Enhanced SDK Service Port**
It refers to the port through which the client adds the device. Certificate verification is required to ensure the secure access.

**WebSocket Port**
TCP-based full-duplex communication protocol port for plug-in free preview.

**WebSockets Port**

TCP-based full-duplex communication protocol port for plug-in free preview. Certificate verification is required to ensure the secure access.

---

**Note**

- Enhanced SDK Service Port, WebSocket Port, and WebSockets Port are only supported by certain models.
- For device models that support that function, go to Configuration → Network → Advanced Settings → Network Service to enable it.

---

## 11.3 Port Mapping

By setting port mapping, you can access devices through the specified port.

**Before You Start**

When the ports in the device are the same as those of other devices in the network, refer to Port to modify the device ports.

**Steps**

1. Go to **Configuration → Network → Basic Settings → NAT**.
2. Select the port mapping mode.
   
   - **Auto Port Mapping**  Refer to **Set Auto Port Mapping** for detailed information.
   - **Manual Port Mapping**  Refer to **Set Manual Port Mapping** for detailed information.
3. Click **Save**.

### 11.3.1 Set Auto Port Mapping

**Steps**

1. Check **Enable UPnP™**, and choose a friendly name for the camera, or you can use the default name.
2. Select the port mapping mode to **Auto**.
3. Click **Save**.

---

**Note**

UPnP™ function on the router should be enabled at the same time.
11.3.2 Set Manual Port Mapping

Steps
1. Check Enable UPnP™, and choose a friendly name for the device, or you can use the default name.
2. Select the port mapping mode to Manual, and set the external port to be the same as the internal port.
3. Click Save.

What to do next
Go to the router port mapping settings interface and set the port number and IP address to be the same as those on the device. For more information, refer to the router user manual.

11.3.3 Set Port Mapping on Router

The following settings are for a certain router. The settings vary depending on different models of routers.

Steps
1. Select the WAN Connection Type.
2. Set the IP Address, Subnet Mask and other network parameters of the router.
3. Go to Forwarding → Virtual Servers, and input the Port Number and IP Address.
4. Click Save.

Example
When the cameras are connected to the same router, you can configure the ports of a camera as 80, 8000, and 554 with IP address 192.168.1.23, and the ports of another camera as 81, 8001, 555, 8201 with IP 192.168.1.24.
The port of the network camera cannot conflict with other ports. For example, some web management port of the router is 80. Change the camera port if it is the same as the management port.

11.4 SNMP

You can set the SNMP network management protocol to get the alarm event and exception messages in network transmission.

**Before You Start**

Before setting the SNMP, you should download the SNMP software and manage to receive the device information via SNMP port.

**Steps**

1. Go to the settings page: **Configuration → Network → Advanced Settings → SNMP**.
2. Check **Enable SNMPv1, Enable SNMP v2c** or **Enable SNMPv3**.

**Note**

The SNMP version you select should be the same as that of the SNMP software. And you also need to use the different version according to the security level required. SNMP v1 is not secure and SNMP v2 requires password for access. And SNMP v3 provides encryption and if you use the third version, HTTPS protocol must be enabled.

3. Configure the SNMP settings.
4. Click **Save**.
11.5 Access to Device via Domain Name

You can use the Dynamic DNS (DDNS) for network access. The dynamic IP address of the device can be mapped to a domain name resolution server to realize the network access via domain name.

Before You Start
Registration on the DDNS server is required before configuring the DDNS settings of the device.

Steps
1. Refer to TCP/IP to set DNS parameters.
2. Go to the DDNS settings page: Configuration → Network → Basic Settings → DDNS.
3. Check Enable DDNS and select DDNS type.
   - DynDNS: Dynamic DNS server is used for domain name resolution.
   - NO-IP: NO-IP server is used for domain name resolution.
4. Input the domain name information, and click Save.
5. Check the device ports and complete port mapping. Refer to Port to check the device port, and refer to Port Mapping for port mapping settings.
6. Access the device.
   - By Browsers: Enter the domain name in the browser address bar to access the device.
   - By Client Software: Add domain name to the client software. Refer to the client manual for specific adding methods.

11.6 Access to Device via PPPoE Dial Up Connection

This device supports the PPPoE auto dial-up function. The device gets a public IP address by ADSL dial-up after the device is connected to a modem. You need to configure the PPPoE parameters of the device.

Steps
1. Go to Configuration → Network → Basic Settings → PPPoE.
2. Check Enable PPPoE.
3. Set the PPPoE parameters.
   - Dynamic IP: After successful dial-up, the dynamic IP address of the WAN is displayed.
   - User Name: User name for dial-up network access.
   - Password
Password for dial-up network access.

Confirm
Input your dial-up password again.

4. Click Save.
5. Access the device.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>By Browsers</th>
<th>Enter the WAN dynamic IP address in the browser address bar to access the device.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>By Client Software</td>
<td>Add the WAN dynamic IP address to the client software. Refer to the client manual for details.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note**
The obtained IP address is dynamically assigned via PPPoE, so the IP address always changes after rebooting the camera. To solve the inconvenience of the dynamic IP, you need to get a domain name from the DDNS provider (e.g. DynDns.com). Refer to **Access to Device via Domain Name** for detail information.

### 11.7 Accessing via Mobile Client

Hik-Connect is an application for mobile devices. Using the App, you can view live image, receive alarm notification and so on.

**Note**
Hik-Connect service should be supported by the camera.

#### 11.7.1 Enable Hik-Connect Service on Camera

Hik-Connect service should be enabled on your camera before using the service.

You can enable the service through SADP software or Web browser.

**Enable Hik-Connect Service via Web Browser**

Follow the following steps to enable Hik-Connect Service via Web Browser.

**Before You Start**
You need to activate the camera before enabling the service.

**Steps**
1. Access the camera via web browser.
2. Enter platform access configuration interface. **Configuration → Network → Advanced Settings** → **Platform Access**
3. Select Hik-Connect as the **Platform Access Mode**.
4. Check **Enable**.
5. Click and read "Terms of Service" and "Privacy Policy" in pop-up window.
6. Create a verification code or change the old verification code for the camera.

**Note**
The verification code is required when you add the camera to Hik-Connect service.

7. Save the settings.

**Enable Hik-Connect Service via SADP Software**

This part introduce how to enable Hik-Connect service via SADP software of an activated camera.

**Steps**
1. Run SADP software.
2. Select a camera and enter **Modify Network Parameters** page.
3. Check **Enable Hik-Connect**.
4. Create a verification code or change the old verification code.

**Note**
The verification code is required when you add the camera to Hik-Connect service.

5. Click and read "Terms of Service" and "Privacy Policy".
6. Confirm the settings.

**11.7.2 Set Up Hik-Connect**

**Steps**
1. Download and install the Hik-Connect app by searching "Hik-Connect" in App Store or TM.
2. Launch the app and register for a Hik-Connect user account.
3. Log in after registration.

**11.7.3 Add Camera to Hik-Connect**

**Steps**
1. Connect your mobile device to a Wi-Fi.
2. Log into the Hik-Connect app.
3. In the home page, tap "+" on the upper-right corner to add a camera.
4. Scan the QR code on camera body or on the *Quick Start Guide* cover.
If the QR code is missing or too blur to be recognized, you can also add the camera by inputting the camera’s serial number.

5. Input the verification code of your camera.

• The required verification code is the code you create or change when you enable Hik-Connect service on the camera.
• If you forget the verification code, you can check the current verification code on Platform Access configuration page via web browser.

6. Tap Connect to a Network button in the popup interface.
7. Choose Wired Connection or Wireless Connection according to your camera function.

**Wireless Connection**
- Input the Wi-Fi password that your mobile phone has connected to, and tap Next to start the Wi-Fi connection process. (Locate the camera within three meters from the router when setting up the Wi-Fi.)

**Wired Connection**
- Connect the camera to the router with a network cable and tap Connected in the result interface.

• The router should be the same one which your mobile phone has connected to.

8. Tap Add in the next interface to finish adding.
   For detailed information, refer to the user manual of the Hik-Connect app.

### 11.8 Set ISUP

When the device is registered on ISUP platform (formerly called Ehome), you can visit and manage the device, transmit data, and forward alarm information over public network.

**Steps**
2. Select ISUP as the platform access mode.
3. Select Enable.
4. Select a protocol version and input related parameters.
5. Click Save.
   Register status turns to Online when the function is correctly set.
11.9 Set ONVIF

If you need to access the device through ONVIF protocol, you can configure the ONVIF user to enhance the network security.

**Steps**
1. Go to **Configuration → Network → Advanced Settings → Integration Protocol**.
2. Check **Enable ONVIF**.
3. Click **Add** to configure the ONVIF user.
   - **Delete**  Delete the selected ONVIF user.
   - **Modify**  Modify the selected ONVIF user.
4. Click **Save**.
5. **Optional**: Repeat the steps above to add more ONVIF users.

11.10 Set Network Service

You can control the ON/OFF status of certain protocol as desired.

**Steps**

1. Go to **Configuration → Network → Advanced Settings → Network Service**.
2. Set network service.

**WebSocket & WebSockets**

WebSocket or WebSockets protocol should be enabled if you use Google Chrome 57 and its above version or Mozilla Firefox 52 and its above version to visit the device. Otherwise, live view, image capture, and digital zoom function cannot be used.

If the device uses HTTP, enable WebSocket.
If the device uses HTTPS, enable WebSockets.

**SDK Service & Enhanced SDK Service**

Check **Enable SDK Service** to add the device to the client software with SDK protocol.
Check **Enable Enhanced SDK Service** to add the device to the client software with SDK over TLS protocol.

**Note**

When set up connection between the device and the client software, it is recommended to use Enhanced SDK Service and set the communication in Arming Mode to encrypt the data transmission. See the user manual of the client software for the arming mode settings.
TLS (Transport Layer Security)

The device offers TLS1.1 and TLS1.2. Enable one or more protocol versions according to your need.

3. Click Save.

11.11 Set HTTP Listening

The device can send alarms to destination IP or host name through HTTP or HTTPS protocol. The destination IP or host name should support the HTTP data transmission.

Steps
1. Go to Configuration → Network → Advanced Settings → HTTP Listening.
2. Input Destination IP or Host Name, URL, and Port.

**Note**

HTTP and HTTPS are selectable. It is recommended to use HTTPS, as it encrypts the data transmission during communication.

4. Click Test.
5. Click Save.

11.12 TCP Acceleration

TCP acceleration is used to improve latency and reduce packet loss caused by network congestion in poor network condition, and guarantee the fluency of live view.

11.13 Traffic Shaping

Traffic shaping is used to shape and smooth video data packet before transmission. It helps to improve latency and reduce packet loss caused by network congestion and ensure the video quality as well. Shaping level is configurable.
Chapter 12 System and Security

It introduces system maintenance, system settings and security management, and explains how to configure relevant parameters.

12.1 View Device Information

You can view device information, such as Device No., Model, Serial No. and Firmware Version. Enter Configuration → System → System Settings → Basic Information to view the device information.

12.2 Restore and Default

Restore and Default helps restore the device parameters to the default settings.

Steps
1. Go to Configuration → System → Maintenance → Upgrade & Maintenance.
2. Click Restore or Default according to your needs.

- **Restore**: Reset device parameters, except user information, IP parameters and video format to the default settings.
- **Default**: Reset all the parameters to the factory default.

**Note**
Be careful when using this function. After resetting to the factory default, all the parameters are reset to the default settings.

12.3 Search and Manage Log

Log helps locate and troubleshoot problems.

Steps
1. Go to Configuration → System → Maintenance → Log.
2. Set search conditions Major Type, Minor Type, Start Time, and End Time.
3. Click Search.
   - The matched log files will be displayed on the log list.
4. **Optional**: Click Export to save the log files in your computer.
12.4 Import and Export Configuration File

It helps speed up batch configuration on other devices with the same parameters.

**Steps**

1. Export configuration file.
   1) Go to **Configuration → System → Maintenance → Upgrade & Maintenance**.
   2) Click **Device Parameters** and input the encryption password to export the current configuration file.
   3) Set the saving path to save the configuration file in local computer.

2. Import configuration file.
   1) Access the device that needs to be configured via web browser.
   2) Click **Browse** to select the saved configuration file.
   3) Input the encryption password you have set when exporting the configuration file.
   4) Click **Import**.

12.5 Export Diagnose Information

Diagnose information includes running log, system information, hardware information.

Go to **Configuration → System → Maintenance → Upgrade & Maintenance**, and click **Diagnose Information** to export diagnose information of the device.

12.6 Reboot

You can reboot the device via browser.

Go to **Configuration → System → Maintenance → Upgrade & Maintenance**, and click **Reboot**.

12.7 Upgrade

**Before You Start**
You need to obtain the correct upgrade package.

⚠️ **Caution**
DO NOT disconnect power during the process, and the device reboots automatically after upgrade.

**Steps**

1. Go to **Configuration → System → Maintenance → Upgrade & Maintenance**.
2. Choose one method to upgrade.
   - **Firmware** Locate the exact path of the upgrade file.
   - **Firmware Directory** Locate the directory which the upgrade file belongs to.
3. Click **Browse** to select the upgrade file.
4. Click **Upgrade**.

### 12.8 View Open Source Software License

Go to **Configuration → System → System Settings → About Device**, and click **View Licenses**.

### 12.9 Set Live View Connection

It controls the remote live view connection amount.

Live view connection controls the maximum live view that can be streamed at the same time. Enter **Configuration → System → Maintenance → System Service** to set the upper limit of the remote connection number.

### 12.10 Time and Date

You can configure time and date of the device by configuring time zone, time synchronization and Daylight Saving Time (DST).

#### 12.10.1 Synchronize Time Manually

**Steps**

1. Go to **Configuration → System → System Settings → Time Settings**.
2. Select **Time Zone**.
3. Click **Manual Time Sync.**.
4. Choose one time synchronization method.
   - Select **Set Time**, and manually input or select date and time from the pop-up calendar.
   - Check **Sync. with computer time** to synchronize the time of the device with that of the local PC.
5. Click **Save**.

#### 12.10.2 Synchronize Time by Satellite

**Note**

This function varies depending on different devices.

**Steps**

1. Enter **Configuration → System → System Settings → Time Settings**.
2. Select **Satellite Time Sync.**
3. Set **Interval**.
4. Click Save.

**12.10.3 Set NTP Server**

You can use NTP server when accurate and reliable time source is required.

**Before You Start**
Set up a NTP server or obtain NTP server information.

**Steps**
1. Go to **Configuration → System → System Settings → Time Settings**.
2. Select **Time Zone**.
3. Click **NTP**.
4. Set **Server Address**, **NTP Port** and **Interval**.

**Note**
Server Address is NTP server IP address.

5. Click **Test** to test server connection.
6. Click **Save**.

**12.10.4 Set DST**

If the region where the device is located adopts Daylight Saving Time (DST), you can set this function.

**Steps**
1. Go to **Configuration → System → System Settings → DST**.
2. Check **Enable DST**.
3. Select **Start Time**, **End Time** and **DST Bias**.
4. Click **Save**.

**12.11 Set RS-485**

RS-485 is used to connect the device to external device. You can use RS-485 to transmit the data between the device and the computer or terminal when the communication distance is too long.

**Before You Start**
Connect the device and computer or terminal with RS-485 cable.

**Steps**
1. Go to **Configuration → System → System Settings → RS-485**.
2. Set the RS-485 parameters.
3. Click **Save**.

### 12.12 Security

You can improve system security by setting security parameters.

#### 12.12.1 Authentication

You can improve network access security by setting RTSP and WEB authentication.

Go to **Configuration → System → Security → Authentication** to choose authentication protocol and method according to your needs.

**RTSP Authentication**

Digest and digest/basic are supported, which means authentication information is needed when RTSP request is sent to the device. If you select **digest/basic**, it means the device supports digest or basic authentication. If you select **digest**, the device only supports digest authentication.

**RTSP Digest Algorithm**

MD5, SHA256 and MD5/SHA256 encrypted algorithm in RTSP authentication. If you enable the digest algorithm except for MD5, the third-party platform might not be able to log in to the device or enable live view because of compatibility. The encrypted algorithm with high strength is recommended.

**WEB Authentication**

Digest and digest/basic are supported, which means authentication information is needed when WEB request is sent to the device. If you select **digest/basic**, it means the device supports digest or basic authentication. If you select **digest**, the device only supports digest authentication.

**WEB Digest Algorithm**

MD5, SHA256 and MD5/SHA256 encrypted algorithm in WEB authentication. If you enable the digest algorithm except for MD5, the third-party platform might not be able to log in to the device or enable live view because of compatibility. The encrypted algorithm with high strength is recommended.

**Note**

Refer to the specific content of protocol to view authentication requirements.
12.12.2 Set IP Address Filter

IP address filter is a tool for access control. You can enable the IP address filter to allow or forbid the visits from the certain IP addresses.

IP address refers to IPv4.

Steps
1. Go to Configuration → System → Security → IP Address Filter.
2. Check Enable IP Address Filter.
3. Select the type of IP address filter.
   - **Forbidden**: IP addresses in the list cannot access the device.
   - **Allowed**: Only IP addresses in the list can access the device.
4. Edit the IP address filter list.
   - **Add**: Add a new IP address to the list.
   - **Modify**: Modify the selected IP address in the list.
   - **Delete**: Delete the selected IP address in the list.
5. Click Save.

12.12.3 Set HTTPS

HTTPS is a network protocol that enables encrypted transmission and identity authentication, which improves the security of remote access.

Steps
1. Go to Configuration → Network → Advanced Settings → HTTPS.
2. Check Enable.
3. Click Delete to recreate and install certificate.
   - Create and install self-signed certificate
   - Create certificate request and install certificate
   - Refer to *Create and Install Self-signed Certificate*
   - Refer to *Install Authorized Certificate*
4. Click Save.

Create and Install Self-signed Certificate

Steps
1. Check Create Self-signed Certificate.
2. Click Create.
3. Follow the prompt to enter Country, Hostname/IP, Validity and other parameters.
4. Click OK.
Result
The device will install the self-signed certificate by default.

Install Authorized Certificate
If the demand for external access security is high, you can create and install authorized certificate via HTTPS protocol to ensure the data transmission security.

Steps
1. Select Create certificate request first and continue the installation.
2. Click Create.
3. Follow the prompt to input Country, Hostname/IP, Validity and other parameters.
4. Click Download to download the certificate request and submit it to the trusted authority for signature.
5. Import certificate to the device.
   - Select Signed certificate is available, start the installation directly. Click Browse and Install to import the certificate to the device.
   - Select Create the certificate request first and continue the installation. Click Browse and Install to import the certificate to the device.
6. Click Save.

12.12.4 Security Audit Log
The security audit logs refer to the security operation logs. You can search and analyze the security log files of the device so as to find out the illegal intrusion and troubleshoot the security events.

Security audit logs can be saved on device internal storage. The log will be saved every half hour after device booting. Due to limited storage space, you can also save the logs on a log server.

Search Security Audit Logs
You can search and analyze the security log files of the device so as to find out the illegal intrusion and troubleshoot the security events.

Steps

Note
This function is only supported by certain camera models.

2. Select log types, Start Time, and End Time.
3. Click Search.
   The log files that match the search conditions will be displayed on the Log List.
4. **Optional:** Click **Export** to save the log files to your computer.

**Set Log Server**

The log server should support syslog (RFC 3164) over TLS.

**Steps**
1. Check **Enable Log Upload Server**.
2. **Optional:** Check **Enable Encrypted Transmission** if you want the log data to be encrypted.
3. Input **Log Server IP** and **Log Server Port**.
4. Click **Test** to test the settings.

---

**Note**

Install certificates according to the requirement of the log server. If two-way authentication is required, install the CA certificate and the client certificate. If one-way authentication is required, install the CA certificate.

1. **Optional:** Install client certificate.
   1) Click **Create** to create the certificate request. Fill in the required information in the pop-up window.
   2) Click **Download** to download the certificate request and submit it to the trusted authority for signature.
   3) Install the authorized certificate to the device.

6. Install the CA certificate to the device.

---

**Note**

Prepare a CA certificate in advance.

1) Click **Browse**, and select the CA certificate file.
2) Click **Install**.

**12.12.5 Set QoS**

QoS (Quality of Service) can help improve the network delay and network congestion by setting the priority of data sending.

---

**Note**

QoS needs support from network device such as router and switch.

**Steps**
1. Go to **Configuration → Network → Advanced Configuration → QoS**.
2. Set **Video/Audio DSCP**, **Alarm DSCP** and **Management DSCP**.
Network can identify the priority of data transmission. The bigger the DSCP value is, the higher the priority is. You need to set the same value in router while configuration.

3. Click Save.

### 12.12.6 Set IEEE 802.1X

IEEE 802.1x is a port-based network access control. It enhances the security level of the LAN/WLAN. When devices connect to the network with IEEE 802.1x standard, the authentication is needed.

Go to **Configuration → Network → Advanced Settings → 802.1X**, and enable the function.

Set **Protocol** and **EAPOL Version** according to router information.

**Protocol**

- EAP-LEAP, EAP-TLS, and EAP-MD5 are selectable

**EAP-LEAP and EAP-MD5**

- If you use EAP-LEAP or EAP-MD5, the authentication server must be configured. Register a user name and password for 802.1X in the server in advance. Input the user name and password for authentication.

**EAP-TLS**

- If you use EAP-TLS, input **Identify**, **Private Key Password**, and upload **CA Certificate**, **User Certificate** and **Private Key**.

**EAPOL Version**

- The EAPOL version must be identical with that of the router or the switch.

### 12.12.7 User and Account

**Set User Account and Permission**

The administrator can add, modify, or delete other accounts, and grant different permission to different user levels.

**Caution**

To increase security of using the device on the network, please change the password of your account regularly. Changing the password every 3 months is recommended. If the device is used in high-risk environment, it is recommended that the password should be changed every month or week.
Steps
1. Go to **Configuration → System → User Management → User Management**.
2. Click **Add**. Enter **User Name**, select **Level**, and enter **Password**. Assign remote permission to users based on needs.

   **Administrator**
   The administrator has the authority to all operations and can add users and operators and assign permission.

   **User**
   Users can be assigned permission of viewing live video, setting PTZ parameters, and changing their own passwords, but no permission for other operations.

   **Operator**
   Operators can be assigned all permission except for operations on the administrator and creating accounts.

   **Modify** Select a user and click **Modify** to change the password and permission.

   **Delete** Select a user and click **Delete**.

---

**Note**
The administrator can add up to 31 user accounts.

3. Click **OK**.

**Online Users**
The information of users logging into the device is shown.

Go to **Configuration → System → User Management → Online Users** to view the list of online users.
Appendix A. Device Command

Scan the following QR code to get device common serial port commands. Note that the command list contains the commonly used serial port commands for all Hikvision network cameras.
Appendix B. Device Communication Matrix

Scan the following QR code to get device communication matrix. Note that the matrix contains all communication ports of Hikvision network cameras.